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# ISOSPIN Cell & Tissue RNA

Manual (Ver. 02)

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Code No. 314-08211

NIPPON GENE CO., LTD.

## I Description \_\_\_\_\_

The ISOSPIN Cell & Tissue RNA enables a rapid isolation of highly pure total RNA within 1 hour from animal tissues or cultured cells.

## II Kit components \_\_\_\_\_

Component	(50 preps)	Note
PT Extraction Buffer (for tissues)	30 ml x 1	
C Extraction Buffer (for cells)	30 ml x 1	
PT Binding Buffer (for tissues & cells)	40 ml x 1	(includes ethanol)*
PT Wash1 Buffer	40 ml x 1	(includes ethanol)*
PT Wash2 Buffer	40 ml x 1	(includes ethanol)*
DNase I (RNase free)	2,000 units x 1	
10 x DNase I Buffer	1 ml x 1	
ddWater (RNase free)	1 ml x 8	
Spin Column (a Spin Column and Collection Tube set)	50 sets	

\* Keep the buffer bottles tightly closed after use.

## III Storage conditions \_\_\_\_\_

DNase I (RNase free) should be stored at -20°C. The remaining kit components can be stored at room temperature (15-25°C).

## IV Precautions \_\_\_\_\_

- The kit is intended research use only.

## V Protocol

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### **Material not supplied**

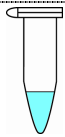
- Micropipette
- Pipette tips
- Pestle
- 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes
- Microcentrifuge\*

\* Centrifugation of the protocol can be performed at 4°C or 25°C.

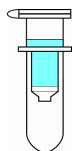
### **Material, as necessary**

- liquid nitrogen

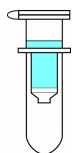
## Cultured Cells RNA Extraction Protocol



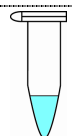
1. Add 600  $\mu\text{l}$  of **C Extraction Buffer** to **Sample (up to  $3 \times 10^6$  cultured cells)**, and lyse cells by pipetting.
2. Vortex more than 30 sec.  
Note) To avoid clogging, mix it well.
3. Centrifuge for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C. Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.
4. Add an equal amount of **PT Binding Buffer**, and mix well by inverting. Spin down lightly.  
Example) Add 550  $\mu\text{l}$  of PT Binding Buffer to 550  $\mu\text{l}$  of the supernatant.



5. Prepare a **Spin Column** (a Spin Column and Collection Tube set). Apply 600  $\mu\text{l}$  of the **Mixture** to the Spin Column. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
6. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.
7. Apply the remaining Mixture to the Spin Column, and repeat Step 5 and 6.



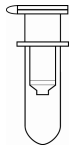
8. Apply 500  $\mu\text{l}$  of **PT Wash1 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
9. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
10. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.



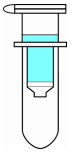
11. Prepare 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of a **DNase I solution** from the following into a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

10 x DNase I Buffer	10 $\mu\text{l}$
DNase I (RNase free)	30 units
ddWater (RNase free)	up to 100 $\mu\text{l}$

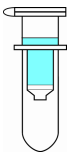




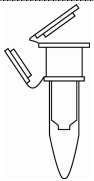
12. Add 100  $\mu$ l of the DNase I solution to the Spin Column. Incubate for 15 min at room temperature.



13. 300  $\mu$ l of **PT Wash1 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
14. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
15. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.



16. Add 600  $\mu$ l of **PT Wash2 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
17. Centrifuge for 2 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C. Discard the flow-through and the Collection Tube.



18. Transfer the Spin Column to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.
19. Add 50  $\mu$ l of ddWater (RNase free) to the center of the Spin Column. Incubate for 3 min at room temperature.
20. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
21. Recover your purified RNA solution in the microcentrifuge tube.  
Note) The RNA solution can be used directly or stored at -80°C for long term storage.

## Cultured Cells RNA Extraction Simplified Protocol

Sample (up to  $3 \times 10^6$  cultured cells) in a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube

← Add 600  $\mu$ l of C Extraction Buffer, and lyse cells by pipetting.  
Vortex more than 30 sec.

↻ Centrifuge for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.

Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

← Add an equal amount of PT Binding Buffer, and mix by inverting. Spin down lightly.

Apply 600  $\mu$ l of the Mixture to a Spin Column. (Keep the remaining Mixture)

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Apply the remaining Mixture to the Spin Column

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Add 500  $\mu$ l of PT Wash1 Buffer.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

### Prepare 100 $\mu$ l of a DNase I solution

- 10 x DNase I Buffer                      10  $\mu$ l
- DNase I (RNase free)                30 units
- ddWater (RNase free)                up to 100  $\mu$ l

← Add 100  $\mu$ l of the DNase I solution.  
Incubate for 15 min at room temperature.

← Add 300  $\mu$ l of PT Wash1 Buffer.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Add 600  $\mu$ l of PT Wash2 Buffer to the Spin Column.

↻ Centrifuge for 2 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through and the Collection Tube.

Transfer the Spin Column to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

← Apply 50  $\mu$ l of ddWater (RNase free) to the Spin Column.  
Incubate for 3 min at room temperature.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.

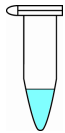
Recover your purified RNA solution in the microcentrifuge tube.

## Animal Tissues RNA Extraction Protocol

1. Prepare a fresh or frozen tissues **Sample** (up to 10 mg) into a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

Note)

- To avoid a degradation of RNA, keep samples cold and work quickly in this Step.
- Ensure tissues samples are homogenized in Step 2 immediately after harvest or are frozen immediately in liquid nitrogen.



2. Add 600  $\mu$ l of **PT Extraction Buffer**, and homogenize tissue samples with a Pestle. Vortex more than 30 sec.

Note) To avoid clogging, mix it well.

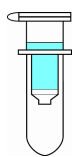
3. Centrifuge for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C. Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

Note)

- For samples with high lipid content, transfer the supernatant carefully without disturbing the floating lipid.
- For samples with a high content of extracellular material, centrifuge the supernatant obtained in Step 3 for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C again. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube without disturbing the pellet.

4. Add an equal amount of **PT Binding Buffer**, and mix well by inverting. Spin down lightly.

Example) Add 550  $\mu$ l of PT Binding Buffer to 550  $\mu$ l of the supernatant.

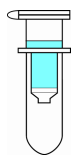


5. Prepare a **Spin Column** (a Spin Column and Collection Tube set). Apply 600  $\mu$ l of the **Mixture** to the Spin Column. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.

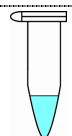
6. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.

7. Apply the remaining Mixture to the Spin Column, and repeat Step 5 and 6.



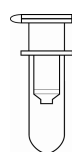


8. Apply 500  $\mu\text{l}$  of **PT Wash1 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
9. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
10. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.

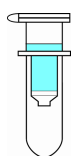


11. Prepare 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of a **DNase I solution** from the following into a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

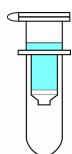
10 x DNase I Buffer	10 $\mu\text{l}$
DNase I (RNase free)	30 units
ddWater (RNase free)	up to 100 $\mu\text{l}$



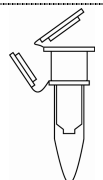
12. Add 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of the DNase I solution to the Spin Column. Incubate for 15 min at room temperature.



13. 300  $\mu\text{l}$  of **PT Wash1 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
14. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
15. Discard the flow-through. Place the Spin Column back into the same Collection Tube.



16. Add 600  $\mu\text{l}$  of **PT Wash2 Buffer** to the Spin Column.
17. Centrifuge for 2 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C. Discard the flow-through and the Collection Tube.



18. Transfer the Spin Column to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.
19. Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of ddWater (RNase free) to the center of the Spin Column. Incubate for 3 min at room temperature.
20. Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.
21. Recover your purified RNA solution in the microcentrifuge tube.

Note) The RNA solution can be used directly or stored at -80°C for long term storage.



## Animal Tissues RNA Extraction Simplified Protocol

### Sample (up to 10 mg)

← Add 600  $\mu$ l of PT Extraction Buffer, and homogenize tissue samples with a Pestle.  
Vortex more than 30 sec.

↻ Centrifuge for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.

### Transfer the supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

← Add an equal amount of PT Binding Buffer, and mix by inverting. Spin down lightly.

### Apply 600 $\mu$ l of the Mixture to a Spin Column. (Keep the remaining Mixture)

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Apply the remaining Mixture to the Spin Column. ←-----

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Add 500  $\mu$ l of PT Wash1 Buffer.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

#### Prepare 100 $\mu$ l of a DNase I solution

- 10 x DNase I Buffer                    10  $\mu$ l
- DNase I (RNase free)                30 units
- ddWater (RNase free)                up to 100  $\mu$ l

← Add 100  $\mu$ l of the DNase I solution. ←-----  
Incubate for 15 min at room temperature.

← Add 300  $\mu$ l of PT Wash1 Buffer.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through.

← Add 600  $\mu$ l of PT Wash2 Buffer to the Spin Column.

↻ Centrifuge for 2 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.  
Discard the flow-through and the Collection Tube.

### Transfer the Spin Column to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

← Apply 50  $\mu$ l of ddWater (RNase free) to the Spin Column.  
Incubate for 3 min at room temperature.

↻ Centrifuge for 1 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C.

### Recover your purified RNA solution in the microcentrifuge tube.

## VI Troubleshooting

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Problem	Cause and countermeasure
Low yield	RNA degradation caused by incomplete homogenization or lysis of samples. Ensure tissue sample is excised as quickly as possible and homogenized efficiently.
RNA degradation	Immediately after harvesting tissues samples, homogenize in Extraction Buffer or frozen in liquid nitrogen.
	Store frozen samples at -70°C or below.
	Use RNase-free solutions and tubes for dissolving RNA.
DNA contamination	Perform a DNase treatment on recovered purified RNA solution if you have not performed Step 11 and Step 12.
Variable absorbance values	Low purity: Extracted RNA is contaminated with impurities such as polysaccharides. See the following countermeasures against Contamination with impurities.
Contamination with impurities	Reduce the amount of samples for Extraction buffer in Step 1 to lyse efficiently.
	Centrifuge the supernatant obtained in Step 3 for 10 min at 13,000 x g at 4°C again. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube without disturbing the pellet and the float.

## VII Data

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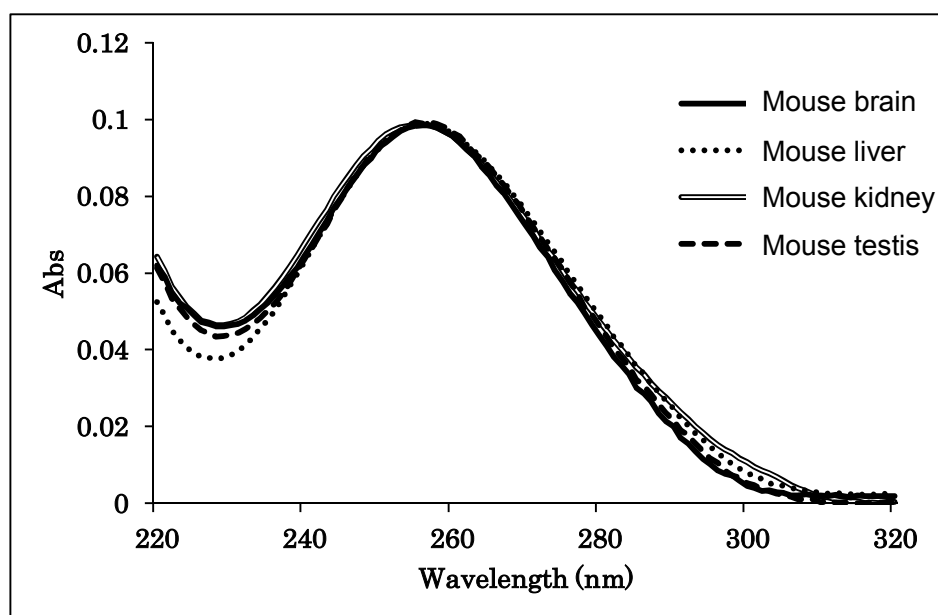
### Technical Information

RNA Binding Volume	100 $\mu\text{g}$
Column Volume	900 $\mu\text{l}$

### Expected yields

Sample	Expected yields
HeLa cell	15 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/ $10^6$ cells
Jurkat cells	10 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/ $10^6$ cells
Vero cell	15 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/ $10^6$ cells
Mouse brain	1.0 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/mg tissue
Mouse liver	3.5 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/mg tissue
Mouse kidney	3.0 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/mg tissue
Mouse testis	1.5 $\mu\text{g}$ RNA/mg tissue

### Absorption spectra of RNA



The information in the descriptions of the products may be changed without prior notification.

**NIPPON GENE CO., LTD.**

If you have any questions, please contact us by web form.

<http://www.nippongene.com/>